**Sample Paper**

**Class – XI**

**Subject - History**

**Time:3Hrs.**  **M.M.80**

**General Instructions:-**

1. Part ‘A’ questions Carrying 2 marks.
2. Part ‘B’ questions carrying 4 marks.
3. Part ‘C’ questions carrying 8 marks.
4. Part D Passage based questions.
5. Attach the map of Africa.

**Part – A**

**Answer the following questions :-** **5 x 2 = 10**

1. If you had lived in Roman Empire where would you rather have lived in towns or in the country side? Explain why?
2. Which was the main shrine of Mecca? What was its importance?
3. Name two discoveries that help us to understand early human history.
4. Examine two evidences of the contributions of Ancient Roman Civilisation to the world Civilisation.
5. What does the story of the flood mentioned in the Bibel tell?

**Part – B 9 x 4 =36**

1. What were the consequences of the crusades on Asia and Europe?
2. Compare the salient features of the Aztecs with those of the Mayas.
3. Discuss the causes of rise of Japan as in imperialist country in the 19th Century.
4. Describe the economic and political features of feudal system of Medival period?
5. What legal measures were taken by the British Govt. to improve the condition of workers? Also state the weakness of these measures?
6. What was the ‘gold rush’? In economy & political expansion of America?
7. How did the Qing Dinesty try and meet the challenge emposed by the western powers?
8. What part did Japan played in II World War? (1939 – 1945 )
9. What is meant by the ‘open door policy’? Why and how did USA adopted this policy?

**Part – C 8 x3 = 24**

1. What were Sun yat – Sen’s three principles? Explain in the context of the event of 1911.
2. Why was the history of the Australian native people left out of history books? How were the winds of change felt by them after 1970s?
3. What is meant by the industrial revolution? Discuss its causes.

**Part – D 5**

1. In 1221, after the conquest of Bukhara, Genghis Khan had assembled the rich Muslim residents at the festival ground and had admonished them. He called them sinners and warmed them to compensate for their sins by parting with their hidden wealth. The episode was dramatic enough to be painted and for a long time afterwards people still remembered the incident. In the late sixteenth century, ‘Abdullah Khan, a distant descendant of ‘ Jochi. Abdullah Khan’s eldest son, went to perform his holidays prayers there. His chronicler, Hafiz – i Tanish reported this performance of Muslim piety by his master and included the surprising comments : ‘ this was according to the yasa of Genghis Khan.’
2. Whom and where did Genghis Khan assemble the rich Muslim residents? **2**
3. Why did Genghis Khan call them sinners? **1**
4. Who was Abdullah Khan? **1**
5. What do you mean by yasa? **1**

**Part – E 5**

1. On the map of Africa locate –

Sudan, Kenya, Ethiopia, Tanzania, Chad.